

# Shortfall on a strip of options

Tom Weston

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We quote a formula for the shortfall on a strip of options,

$$\sum_{i=1}^M (F_i - X)^+ \quad (1)$$

where

- $X$  is a strike
- $\sigma$  is the volatility
- $F_0$  is the forward
- $\tau$  is the time to expiry
- $\alpha$  is the chosen percentile
- $Z(x) = e^{-x^2/2}/\sqrt{2\pi}$
- $N(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x Z(x')dx'$
- $M$  is the number of (identical) options

$$\begin{aligned} ES(\alpha) = & \sqrt{M} \left( \frac{Z[N^{-1}(\alpha)]}{1-\alpha} \right) \{ F_0^2 [\exp(3\sigma\sqrt{\tau}/2)N(d_{\alpha=2}) - N(d_{\alpha=1})^2] \\ & - 2XF_0 [N(d_{\alpha=1}) - N(d_{\alpha=1})N(d_{\alpha=0})] \\ & + X^2 [N(d_{\alpha=0}) - N(d_{\alpha=0})^2] \}^{1/2} \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

where

$$d_\alpha = F^\alpha \exp[(\alpha^2 - \alpha)\sigma\sqrt{\tau}/2] N \left( \frac{\ln F_0/X - \sigma^2\tau(1/2 - \alpha)}{\sigma\sqrt{\tau}} \right) \quad (3)$$

the choice of the (slightly ugly) symbols  $d_{\alpha=2}$  etc. is to suggest similarities to, but prevent confusion with  $d_1, d_2$  from Black-Scholes